

Updated NEET Chemistry Syllabus

NEET Chemistry Syllabus comprises physical, inorganic & organic chemistry. To know the syllabus of an exam is necessary for a student during his preparation. Here you will get the detailed syllabus of chemistry for neet exam. Chemistry Syllabus is divided into 30 chapters. There are 14 chapters in chemistry Class 11 & 16 chapters in class 12 chemistry syllabus. Here is the chapter name of chemistry for class 11 & class 12 respectively: -

Class 11		
S.No	Chapter Name	
1	Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry (Mole Concept)	
2	Structure of Atom (Atomic Structure)	
3	Classification of Elements & Periodicity in Properties (Periodic	
	Table)	
4	Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure	
5	States of Matter: Gases and Liquids	
6	Thermodynamics	
7	Equilibrium	
8	Redox Reactions	
9	Hydrogen	
10	s-Block Elements	
11	p-Block Elements – Group 13,14	
12	Organic Chemistry: Basic Principles & Techniques (IUPAC	
	Nomenclature & Isomerism)	
13	Hydrocarbons	
14	Environmental Chemistry	

Class 12	
S.No	Chapter Name
1	Solid State
2	Solutions
3	Electrochemistry
4	Chemical Kinetics

5	Surface Chemistry	
6	General Principles and Processes of Isolation of Elements	
7	p -Block Elements – Group 15,16,17,18	
8	d -and f -Block Elements	
9	Coordination Compounds	
10	Haloalkanes and Haloarenes	
11	Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers	
12	Aldehydes, Ketones and Carboxylic Acids	
13	Amines	
14	Biomolecules	
15	Polymers	
16	Chemistry in Everyday Life	

It would be difficult to study chemistry chapters in the same sequence as mentioned above. Hence, Sunil sir has analysed the NEET chemistry syllabus. He has merged the chapters which can be studied together while preparing for NEET exam. He has also mentioned topics & sub-topics for each chapter so that students can get a detailed analysis of NEET chemistry syllabus. Check detailed Chemistry syllabus for NEET exam here: -

S.	Chapter Name	Topics
<u>No</u> 1	Mole Concept	Some Basic Concept of Chemistry, Mole Concept, Mole Concept & Calculations, Concept of Atoms & Molecules, Atomic Mass, Gram Atomic Mass (GAM), Molecular Mass, Gram Molecular Mass (GMM), Average Mass, Law of Chemical Combination, Percentage, Composition & Empirical Formula, Concentration Terms – Molarity, Formality & Molality, Mole Fraction, percentage Composition, pm, Normality, Volume Strength of Hydrogen peroxide(H ₂ O ₂), Test of H ₂ O ₂ . Stoichiometry & Calculation Based on Stoichiometry, Concept of Limiting Reagent
2	Atomic Structure	Atomic number, isotopes and isobars, Electromagnetic Radiation (EMR), Planck's Quantum Theory, Photoelectric Effect, Bohr's Atomic Model & Its applications, Hydrogen Spectrum, Dual nature of matter and light, De Broglie's relationship, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, Concept of orbital, quantum numbers, Shapes of s,p, and d orbitals, node and nodal planes, rules for filling electrons in orbitals – Aufbau principle, Pauli exclusion principles and Hund's rule, Electronic configuration of atoms, stability of half filled and filled orbitals, Magnetic moment

3	State of Matter &	Ideal Gas Laws & Equation, Dalton's Law, Grahams Law of Diffusion and Effusion,
	Redox Reactions	Kinetic Theory of Gases (KTG), Real Gas Equation,
		deviation from ideal behaviour, liquefaction of
		gases, critical temperature. Oxidation & Reduction,
		•
		Oxidation Number & Application, Equivalent
		Weight, Balancing of Padox Paaction in Acidic & Basic
		Balancing of Redox Reaction in Acidic & Basic Medium, Oxidation No Method, Law of
		Chemical Equivalence & Equivalent Weight
4	Thermodynamics	Basics, State Function & Path Function, Extensive &
	&	Intensive Property Internal Energy & First Law of
	Thermochemistry	Thermodynamics Enthalpy of Reactions, Heat Capacity, Work Done in different Process Entropy and Change in
	1 net moenemiser y	Entropy for different process,
		Gibbs Free Energy and Spontaneity of a Reaction Hess
		Law, Lavoisier & Laplace Law, Heat of Reaction, Heat
		of Formation, Heat of Combustion, Heat of Solutions,
		Heat of Neutralization Bond Energy, Heat of Atomization, Resonance Energy
5	Chemical	Law of Mass Action, Relation between Kp & Kc
5	Equilibrium	Factors Affecting Equilibrium Constant & Van't Hoff
	Equinorium	Equation,
		Le Chatelier's Principle & Application of Equilibrium Constant
6	Ionic Equilibrium	Basic Logarithms, Concepts of Acids & Bases,
0		Degree of Dissociation, pH scale & Calculation of
		pH,
		Application of Ostwald Law, Calculation of pH of Weak Acid & Weak Base
		Explanation of Water, pH of the mixtures,
		the pH of Strong Acid & Strong Base Mixture, pH of
		diluted solutions, Salt Hydrolysis, Buffer Solution, pH of Acidic Buffer &
		Buffer Action, the pH of Basic Buffer & Buffer Action,
		Acidic & Basic Indicators Solubility & Solubility Product Ksp, Condition for
		Precipitation
7	Chemical	Rate of Reaction, Instantaneous & Average Rate of
	Kinetics	Reaction Rate Law, Molecularity and Order of
		Reaction, Pseudo Order Reaction, Zero Order & First Order Reaction, Half-Life
		The half-Life for Zero & First Order Reaction
		Gaseous First Order Reaction
		Important Questions Practice on Zero & First Order
		Kinetics
		Factors affecting the Rate of Reaction and Activation Energy, Catalyst, Activation Energy
		and Maxwell Curve, Radioactivity
8	Electrochemistry	Conductance, Resistance, Conductivity, Resistivity,
-		Molar Conductance and Equivalent Conductance,
		Kohlaursc Law, Daniel Cell, Electrode Potential,
		Standard Hydrogen Electrode

		Electre Chamical Carice MCEDT O 'dation of
		Electro-Chemical Series NCERT, Oxidation and Reduction Nerast Equation and its application amf of
		Reduction, Nernst Equation and its application, emf of cell & Gibbs free energy equilibrium constant
		Electrolysis, Electroplating, Faraday's Law of
		Electrolysis, Primary & Secondary Batteries, Fuel Cell,
		Corrosion
9	Solutions	Solubility, Henry's Law, Raoult's Law, Vapour Pressure,
		Boiling Point, Vapour Pressure of Liquid-Liquid
		Solutions, Vapour Pressure of Solid-Liquid Solutions,
		Ideal &Real Solutions, Solutions with positive &
		negative Deviation, Azeotropic Mixture, Minimum
		Boiling Azeotrope and Maximum Boiling Azeotropes
		Colligative Properties – Relative Lowering in Vapour Pressure (RLVP), Elevation in BP,
		Depression in Freezing point, Osmotic Pressure Van 't
		Hoff factor & Colligative Properties
10	Solid State	Type of Solids, Crystalline & Amorphous Solids
10	Soliu State	Types of Unit Cells, Crystal Lattice, Coordination
		Number & Packing Efficiency of SC, BCC, FCC,
		calculation of density of unit cell
		Close Packing in Solids, CCP, HCP, Tetrahedral & Octahedral Voids, Type of Crystals, Defects
		in Solids, Frenkel & Schottky Defect
11	Surface	Adsorption – physisorption and chemisorptions,
	Chemistry	factors affecting adsorption of gases on solids,
		catalysis homogenous
		and heterogeneous, activity and selectivity,
		enzyme catalysis, colloidal state: the distinction between true
		solutions, colloids and suspensions, lyophilic,
		lyophobic multimolecular and macromolecular
		colloids, properties of colloids,
		Tyndall effect, Brownian movement, electrophoresis,
		coagulation, emulsions – types of emulsions
12	Periodic Table	Modern Periodic Table, electronic configuration of s,
12		p, d & f block elements Prediction of the period,
		group and block,
		Atomic and ionic radii, Factors affecting atomic
		radii, Hydrated radii Ionisation energy and factors affecting Ionisation
		energy, Applications of Ionisation energy
		Electron Gain enthalpy, Electronegativity,
		Applications of Electronegativity, Valency
13	Chemical	Lewis Dot Structure, Formal Charge, Covalent
	Bonding	and Coordinate Bond Valence Bond Theory (VBT)
		Valence Bond Theory (VBT) Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion (VSEPR)
		Theory
		Hybridisation – sp, sp ² , sp ³ , dsp ² , Hybridisation – sp ³ d, $sp^{3}d^{2}$, $sp^{3}d^{3}$, hybridisation in solid-state
		sp ² a ² , sp ² a ² , nybrialisation in solid-state

14	S-Block Elements & Hydrogen	Existence and non-existence of molecules,, condition for hydrolysis Molecular Orbital Theory (MOT) Resonance, Bond Parameters – Bond Length, Bond Energy, Bond Angle Back Bonding, Dipole Moment, Hydrogen Bonding Group 1 and group 2 elements: Physical and Chemical Properties, anomalous properties of the first element of each group, diagonal relationship, Preparation and properties of Sodium carbonate, sodium chloride, sodium hydroxide and sodium hydrogen carbonate, Industrial use of lime and limestone, biological importance of Na and K, Mg and Ca. Occurrence, isotopes, preparation, properties and uses of hydrogen, hydrides- ionic, covalent and interstitial; physical and chemical properties of water, heavy water
15	P Block Elements – Borona &	Water Physical Properties of group 13 elements, Inert Pair Effect, Diborane, Borax Boric Acid, Alums,
	Carbon family	Physical Properties of group 14 elements, allotropes of
		carbon and tin
		Chemical Properties of group 14 Elements, Silicones, Silicates and zeolites
16	P-Block Floments Croup	Physical Properties of group 15 elements, Allotropes
	Elements Group 15, 16, 17,18	of phosphorus Oxides of Nitrogen and Phosphorus (Structure Only), Preparation and properties of Ammonia and Nitric Acid, Brown Ring Test, Oxyacids of Phosphorus (structure only), Holme Signal, Physical and Chemical Properties of group 16 Elements, Oxoacids of Sulphur (structure only), Ozone, H2SO4, Bleaching ACtion
		Physical and Chemical Properties of group 17
		Elements, Hydrides and Oxides of Halogens,
		preparation, oxoacids of halogens (structure only),
		properties and uses of chlorine and hydrochloric acid, Interhalogen Compounds, Polyhalidas
		Interhalogen Compounds, Polyhalides, Pseudohalides, Inert Gas Uses and compounds of Xenon
17	D & F Block Elements	Physical properties of d block elements, characteristics
	Liements	of transition metals, general trends in properties of the
		first row transition metals – metallic character,
		ionization enthalpy, oxidation states, ionic radii,
		colour, catalytic property, magnetic properties,
		interstitial compounds, alloy formation, Chromyl

		Chloride Test,
		Preparation and properties of potassium dichromate,
		Preparation and properties of Potassium
		Permanganate,
		Lanthanides and Actinides
18	Coordination Compounds	Types of Ligands like EDTA, DMG, Glycination, coordination number Werner's theory, Sidgwick Rule, IUPAC nomenclature of mononuclear coordination compounds Isomerism in Coordination Compounds, Structural and Geometrical Isomerism, Optical Isomerism and Trans Effect (not important) Valence Bond Theory (VBT), Crystal Field Theory (CFT), colour, magnetic properties and shapes, Organo Metallic Compounds, Synergic Bonding, Jahn Teller Effect (not important) Color, Stability and importance of coordination
		compounds(in qualitative analysis, biological systems)
19	Metallurgy	Principles and methods of extraction – concentration, roasting, calcination Principles and methods of extraction – oxidation, reduction electrolytic methods and refining occurrence and principles of extraction of aluminium, copper, zinc and iron.
20	IUPAC	Basics of Organic Chemistry, Hydrocarbon Radicals
	Nomenclature	and Homologues Series Common Name and Derived Names of Organic Compounds Rules of IUPAC, Selection and numbering of Principal Carbon Chain, IUPAC Naming of Organic Compounds IUPAC Naming of Cyclic and Aromatic Compounds
21	Isomerism	Structural Isomerism – Chain Isomerism, Position
		Isomerism, Ring Chain, Functional Isomerism and
		Metamerism
		Geometrical Isomerism in Alkenes, Cyclo Alkanes,
		Allene, Biphenyl and Spiro Compounds,
		Nomenclature in Geometrical Isomerism Cis- Trans,
		Syn-Anti, E-Z System, Calculation of No of
		Geometrical Isomers
		Optical Isomerism and Optically Active Compounds, Representation of Optical Isomers – Wedge Dash and Fischer Projection, Configuration of Optical Isomers – R/S and D/L Configuration Relationship between Stereomers – Enantiomers,
		Diastereomers, Epimers, Erythereo and Thereo, Calculation of Numbers of Stereomer
		Conformers of Alkanes and Cyclo Hexane
22	General organic	Reaction Intermediate, Inductive Effect – Stability
	Chemistry – 1 (GOC – I)	of Carbocation and Carbanion, Acidic Strength and
	$ (\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}-\mathbf{I}) $	Basic Strength

	1	
		Resonance, Localised and Delocalised Electrons,
		Stability of Resonating Structure, Type of Resonance
		- +M and –M Series, Stability of Carbocation and
		Carbanion
		Acidic Strength and Basic Strength, Ortho Effect,
		SIR Effect, SIP Effect
		Aromaticity and Dancing Resonance, Effect of
		Resonance on Bond Length and Bond Strength
		Hyper Conjugation, Stability of Alkene and Heat of
		Hydrogenation, Electromeric Effect and
	Comonal amagnia	Tautomerism
23	General organic	Solvent and its type, Electrophile and
	Chemistry – 2 (GOC – II)	Nucleophile, Leaving Group, Carbene and
	$(\mathbf{GOC} - \mathbf{II})$	Nitrene, Type of Peactions in Organic Chemistry
		Type of Reactions in Organic Chemistry Electrophilic Addition Reaction (EAR),
		Markovnikov's Rule and Carbocation
		Rearrangement, EAR of Alkene with HX in
		Non-Polar and Polar Protic Solvent (PPS),
		Stereochemistry in Chemical Reactions,
		Stereospecific, Stereoselective and
		Regioselective Reactions
		Anti Addition of HOX and Hydration of Alkenes
		Oxymercuration Demercuration (OMDM) and,
		Hydro Boration Oxidation (HBO),
		Hydroxylation and Free Radical Addition Reaction
		(FRAR), Nucleophilic Addition Reaction (NAR),
		Electrophillic Substitution Reaction (ESR), Types
		of ESR – Halogenation, Nitration, Sulphonation,
		Freidal Craft Reaction, Gattermann Koach
		Synthesis, Gattermann Aldehyde Synthesis
		Free Radical Substitution Reaction (FRSR)
		Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction (NSR), SN ¹ &
		SN^2
		Williamson Ether Synthesis, Darzen's Reaction,
		Luca's Test, NSR in Alcohol and Ether NSR in
		Aromatic Compounds (SN ^{Ar}) and NSR in Acid
		Derivatives (SN^{AE} Elimination Reaction $E^1 \& E^2$, Syatzeff and
		Hoffmann Rule
		Dehydrohalogenation, Dehydration, Comparision
		between E^1 , E^2 , SN^1 and SN^2
24	Hydrocarbons	Wurtz Reaction, Corey House Synthesis, Frankland
24		Rxn, Reduction of Alkyl Halides
		Kolbe Electrolysis, Decarboxylation, Birch
		Reduction, Lindlaar & P2 Catalyst
		Preparation & Properties of Alkene & Alkynes
		Ozonolysis
		Test of Alkynes, Preparation & Properties of
		Benzene & Toulene
25	Alkyl Halide	Preparation & Properties of Alkyl Halides, Iodoform
_		& Chloroform Reaction, Hunsdiecker Reaction
L		Hoffmann Carbylamine Isocyanide Test & Reimer

		Tiemann Reaction, Aryl Halides
26	Alcohol, Phenol	Preparation of Alcohol, Reactions of Grignard
	and Ether	Reagent, Physical and Chemical properties of
		Alcohol, Victor Mayer & Lucas test,
		Dichromate Test, Esterification Reactions of
		Phenol, Kolbe's Reaction, Gattarmann Aldehyde
		Synthesis
27	Carbonyl Compounds & Carboxylic Acids	Methods of Preparation of Aldehyde & Ketone, Aldol Condensation, Cannizzaro & Tishchenko Reaction, Test of Aldehydes Benzaldehyde, Perkin Reaction & Claisen
		Condensation, HVZ Reaction, Preparation of
		Carboxylic Acid & Benzoic Acid
28	Nitrogen-	Hoffmann Bromamide Reaction, Gabriel Phthalimide
20	Containing	
	Compounds	Reaction, Hinsberg Reagent, Hoffmann Mustard Oil
		Test, Basic Strength of Amines, Solubility and Boiling Points of Amines Reactions of Aniline, Reactions of Nitrobenzene and Millikan Barker Test
29	Biomolecules	Carbohydrates – Classification (aldoses and ketoses),
		monosaccharide(glucose and fructose), D.L.
		configuration
		Carbohydrates – oligosaccharides (sucrose, lactose,
		maltose), polysaccharides (starch, cellulose,
		glycogen), the importance of Carbohydrates Proteins – the elementary idea of – amino acids, peptide bond, polypeptides, proteins, primary structure, secondary structure, tertiary structure and quaternary structure (qualitative idea only), denaturation of proteins Enzymes Hormones – Elementary idea (excluding structure) Vitamins – classification and function. Nucleic acids –
20	Dolymore	DNA and RNA Classification of Polymers based on NCERT
30	Polymers	Methods of polymerization (addition and
		condensation), copolymerization. Some important
		polymers: natural and synthetic like polyesters,
		bakelite; rubber, biodegradable and non-
		biodegradable polymers
31	Chemistry in	Chemicals in medicines – analgesics, tranquilizers,
51	Everyday Life &	antiseptics, disinfectants, antimicrobials, antifertility
	Environmental Chemistry	drugs, antibiotics, antacids, antihistamines.
	Unemistry	Chemicals in food – preservatives, artificial
		sweetening agents, elementary idea of antioxidants.
		Cleansing agents – soaps and detergents, cleansing
		\neg

action
Environmental pollution – Air, water and soil
pollution, chemical reactions in atmosphere, smogs,
major atmospheric pollutants; acid rain ozone and its
reactions, effects of depletion of ozone layer, green
house effect and global warming- pollution due to
industrial wastes; green chemistry as an alternative
tool for reducing pollution, strategy for control of
environmental pollution

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